crore of investment and a current outlay component of Rs. 61,000 crore." The approved Eighth Five Year Plan has provided an outlay of Rs. 4,34,100 crore at 1991-92 price level comprising Rs. 3,61,000 crore of investment and Rs. 73,100 crore current outlay, which is much higher than the plan size envisaged in the Directional Paper.

71.6 per cent of the Eighth Plan allocation have been provided for the Public Sector Plan in the four Annual Plans (1992—96). The shortfall arises mainly from State Plans on account of shortfall in mobilising their own resources. The actual outlay of the States has been 61 per cent of the approved Plan outlay during these four years.

Increase in Support Price of Rabi Crops

1049. SHRI ANANTRAM JAISWAL: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have increased the minimum support price for the Rabi Crop for the year 1995-96; if so, the cereals togetherwith comparative increase effected in their minimum support price in terms of rupees and the rate increased comparatively and by when this hike will be enforced;

(b) whether Government are considering to increase the prices of wheat and other cereals through public distribution system/fair price shops after increasing the support prices of the Rabi Crops; if so, the reasons therefor; and

(a) if not, what will be the per kilogram price of wheat and other cereals through fair price shops?

THE MINISTER OF FOOD (SHRI AJIT SINGH): (a) Government has increased the Minimum Support Price of wheat and barley from Rs. 360/- to Rs. 380/- i.e. by Rs. 20/- and from Rs. 285/- to Rs. 295/- i.e. by Rs. 10/- per quintal respectively for rabi crops of 1995-96 season marketable during 1996-97 Rabi Marketing Season.

The increases will be effective from 1.4.1996.

(b) At present, there is no proposal for any revision in Central Issue Prices of wheat or barley for PDS consequent upon the increases in their MSP.

(c) Retail prices of foodgrains distributed under PDS through Fiar Price Shops are determined by the respective State Governments and vary from State to State.

राज्यों में अपर्याप्त भंडारण सुविधा

1050. **श्री महेश्वर सिंह:** क्या खाद्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) देश के किन-किन राज्यों में भारतीय खाद्य निगम के पास अनाजों के भंडारण हेतु पर्याप्त भंडारण सुविधा नहीं है;

(ख) क्या यह सच है कि भंडारण सुविधा की कमी के फलस्वरूप हर वर्ष लाखों टन अनाज सड़ कर नष्ट हो जाते हैं; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस क्षति को रोकने के लिए सरकार क्या कदम उठा रही है?

खाद्य मंत्री (श्री अजीत सिंह): (क) देश के सभी राज्यों में भारतीय खाद्य निगम के पास पर्याप्त भंडारण क्षमता है। दिनांक 1.1.1996 को स्थिति के अनुसार राज्य-वार क्षमता का विवरण संलग्न है। (नीचे देखिए)

(ख) जी, नहीं।

(ग) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।